

# Human Lipocalin-2 Immunoassay Kit

Catalogue Number: 31050

For the quantitative determination of human lipocalin-2 concentrations in serum, plasma, urine and cell culture supernate samples.

This package insert must be read in its entirety before using this product Use only the current version of product data sheet enclosed with the kit

Version: 3.0

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

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# TABLE OF CONTENTS

Contents	Page
INTRODUCTION	1
PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY	1
INTENDED USE	2
REAGENTS SUPPLIED	2
OTHER MATERIALS REQUIRED, BUT NOT PROVIDED	2
STORAGE	3
PREPARATION OF REAGENTS	3
PREPARATION OF STANDRADS AND SAMPLES	4
ASSAY PROCEDURE	5
CALCULATION	5
TYPICAL STANDARD CURVE	6
ASSAY CHARACTERISTICS	7
REFERENCES	7
SUMMARY OF ASSAY PROCEDURE	8



#### INTRODUCTION

Lipocalin-2(LCN2), also known as neutrophil gelatinase-associated lipocalin (NGAL), 24p3, or neutrophil lipocalin (NL), is a 25-kDa secretory glycoprotein<sup>1</sup>. LCN2 has been implicated in a variety of cellular processes including the innate immune response, differentiation, tumorigenesis, and cell survival<sup>2,3</sup>. It appears to be upregulated in various inflammation and infection conditions. Several reports suggest that LCN2 may represent a sensitive biomarker for various renal injuries<sup>4</sup> and is associated with several types of cancers, including breast cancer<sup>5</sup>, ovarian, colorectal, and pancreatic cancers<sup>6,7</sup>. Furthermore, a growing body of evidence suggests that serum levels of lipocalin-2 are correlated with obesity, insulin resistance, hyperglycemia, coronary heart disease and fatty liver disease in humans<sup>8-11</sup>.

#### PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY

This assay is a quantitative sandwich ELISA using monoclonal antibodies against human LCN2. The immunoplate is pre-coated with a monoclonal antibody specific for human LCN2. Standards and samples are added into the wells and any human LCN2 present is captured by the immobilized antibody. After washing away any unbound substances, a horseradish peroxidase (HRP)-linked monoclonal antibody specific for human LCN2 is added to the wells. After a final washing step to remove any unbound reagents, a HRP substrate solution is added and colour develops in proportion to the amount of human LCN2 bound initially. The reaction is stopped and the optical density of the wells determined using a microplate reader. Since the increases in absorbance are directly proportional to the amount of captured human LCN2, the unknown sample concentration can be interpolated from a reference curve included in each assay.



#### INTENDED USE

This Human lipocalin-2 ELISA kit is designed for quantification of human lipocalin-2 in serum, plasma, urine and cell culture supernate samples.

#### **REAGENTS SUPPLIED**

Each kit is sufficient for one 96-well plate and contains the following components:

- 1. Micro-titre Strips (96 wells)-Coated with a mouse monoclonal antibody against human lipocalin-2.
- 2. 10×Wash buffer 40 ml.
- 3.5×Assay buffer- 20 ml.
- 4.100×Detection antibody solution-A mouse monoclonal antibody against human lipocalin-2 conjugated to horseradish peroxidase, 0.12 ml.
- 5. Human lipocalin-2 standard 25 ng of recombinant human lipocalin-2 in a buffered protein base, lyophilised.
- 6. Substrate solution -12 ml, ready for use.
- 7. Stop solution -12 ml, ready for use.

# OTHER MATERIALS REQUIRED, BUT NOT PROVIDED

- 1. Pipettes and pipette tips.
- 2.96-well plate or manual strip washer.
- 3. Buffer and reagent reservoirs.
- 4. Paper towels or absorbent paper.
- 5. Plate reader capable of reading absorbency at 450 nm.
- 6. Distilled water or deionized water.



#### STORAGE

The kit should be stored at 2-8°C upon receipt, and all reagents should be equilibrated to room temperature before use. Remove any unused antibodycoated strips from the Human lipocalin-2 microplate, return them to the foil pouch and re-seal. Once opened, the strips may be stored for up to one month at 2-8°C.

#### PREPARATION OF REAGENTS

Bring all reagents and materials to room temperature before assay.

#### A. 1×Assay buffer.

Prepare 1×Assay buffer by mixing the 5×Assay buffer (20 ml) with 80 ml of distilled water or deionized water. If precipitates are observed in the 5×Assay buffer bottle, warm the bottle in a 37°C water bath until the precipitates disappear. 1×Assay buffer may be stored for up to one month at 2-8°C.

#### B. 1×Wash buffer.

Prepare 1×Wash buffer by mixing the 10×Wash buffer (40 ml) with 360 ml of distilled water or deionized water. If precipitates are observed in the 10×Wash buffer bottle, warm the bottle in a 37°C water bath until the precipitates disappear. 1×Wash buffer may be stored for up to one month at 2-8°C.

#### C. 1×Detection antibody solution.

Spin down the 100×Detection antibody solution briefly and dilute the desired amount of the antibody 1:100 with 1×Assay buffer, 100 l of the 1×Detection antibody solution is required per well. Prepare only as much 1×Detection antibody solution as needed. Return the 100× Detection antibody solution to 2-8°C immediately after the necessary volume is removed.



#### PREPARATION OF STANDRADS AND SAMPLES

**Human lipocalin-2 standards:** Reconstitute the lyophilised standard with 1 ml of 1×Assay buffer to generate a standard stock solution of 25 ng/ml. Allow the standard to sit for 10 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making dilutions. Prepare serially diluted standards using 1×Assay buffer as follows:

Standard volume	Volume of 1×Assay buffer	Concentration
25 ng/ml stock	-	25 ng/ml
250 l of 25 ng/ml stock	250 1	12.5 ng/ml
250 l of 12.5 ng/ml std	250 1	6.25 ng/ml
250 l of 6.25 ng/ml std.	250 1	3.12 ng/ml
250 1 of 3.12 ng/ml std.	250 1	1.56 ng/ml
250 l of 1.56 ng/ml std.	250 1	0.78 ng/ml
250 1 of 0.78 ng/ml std.	250 1	0.39 ng/ml

1×Assay buffer serves as the zero standard (0 ng/ml). The reconstituted standard stock should be aliquoted and frozen at -20°C for one month. Avoid repeating freezing/thawing cycles. Please do not store the diluted standard solutions.

#### Sample preparation

Serum or plasma sample is generally required a 10-fold dilution in 1×Assay buffer. A suggested dilution step is to add 30  $\mu$ l of sample to 270  $\mu$ l of 1×Assay buffer. Dilution factors of urine and cell culture supernate samples need to be optimized by the user.



### ASSAY PROCEDURE

It is recommended that all standards and samples be assayed in duplicate.

- 1. Add 100  $\mu l$  of standard or sample per well, incubate at room temperature for 1 hour.
- 2. Discard the content and tap the plate on a clean paper towel to remove residual solution in each well. Add 300  $\mu$ l of 1×Wash buffer to each well and incubate for 1 minute. Discard the 1×Wash buffer and tap the plate on a clean paper towel to remove residual wash buffer. Repeat the wash step for a total 3 washes.
- 3. Add 100  $\mu l$  of 1×Detection antibody solution to each well, incubate at room temperature for 1 hour.
- 4. Wash each well 4 times as described in step 2.
- 5. Add 100  $\mu$ l of Substrate solution to each well, incubate at room temperature for 15 minutes. **Protect from light.**
- 6. Add 100  $\mu l$  of Stop solution to each well, mix well by gently tapping the plate.
- 7. Measure absorbance of each well at 450 nm immediately.

# CALCULATION

- 1. Subtract the absorbance of the blank from that of standards and samples.
- 2. Generate a standard curve by plotting the absorbance obtained (y-axis) against lipocalin-2 concentrations (x-axis). The best fit line can be generated with any curve-fitting software by regression analysis. Any curve of 4-parameter or log-log curve fitting can be used for calculation.
- 3. Determine lipocalin-2 concentration of samples from standard curve and multiply the value by the dilution factor.



# TYPICAL STANDARD CURVE

The following standard curve is provided for demonstration only. A standard curve should be generated for each set of sample assay.

Human lipocalin-2 (ng/ml)	Absorbance (450 nm)	Blanked Absorbance
0	0.076	0
0.39	0.107	0.031
0.78	0.137	0.061
1.56	0.203	0.127
3.12	0.343	0.267
6.25	0.647	0.571
12.5	1.26	1.184
25	2.492	2.416

Human lipocalin-2 standard curve (4-parameter)





# ASSAY CHARACTERISTICS

**A. Sensitivity:** The lowest level of lipocalin-2 that can be detected by this assay is 0.39 ng/ml.

**B.** Specificity: The antibody pair used in this assay is specific to human lipocalin-2 and does not cross-react with mouse and rat lipocalin-2, and other cytokine or hormone molecules.

#### REFERENCES

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#### SUMMARY OF ASSAY PROCEDURE

